

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
Great View Buildcon Private Limited

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Great View Buildcon Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to financial statements including summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (together referred to as 'the financial statements').
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') prescribed under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Information Other than the financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other comprises the information included in the Board's report including annexure to board report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the financial statements

6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

7. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other matter

8. The financial statements of the company as on March 31, 2024 were audited by another auditor whose report dated May 28, 2024 expressed an unmodified opinion. We have relied on the said financial statements for the purpose of confirming the opening balances of assets, equity and liabilities as on April 1, 2024 in respect of the year under audit.

Our report on the financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

9. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the **Annexure "A"** a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
10. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying audited financial statements;
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;

N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP
Chartered Accountants

- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report given in **Annexure "B"**. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year;

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) There are no pending litigations and disputes, hence the question of disclosing the financial impact thereof in the financial statements does not arise.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii) There are no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
 - (iv) As per the management representation provided, we report,
 - (a) no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding that the intermediary shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries.
 - (b) no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entities including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding that such company shall whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or provide guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate beneficiaries.

Based on the audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that caused us to believe that the representations given by the management contain any material misstatement.

N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP
Chartered Accountants

- (v) The Company has not declared or any paid dividend during the year and hence, the compliance with section 123 of the Act does not arise.
- (vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 116560W/W100149
Dhaval
Bhamar
Selwadia
Partner
Dhaval B. Selwadia
Membership No. 100023
UDIN: 25100023BMIDIF9934

Digitally signed by Dhaval
Bhamar Selwadia
Date: 2025.05.26 18:10:34
+05'30'

Place: Mumbai
Date : May 26, 2025

Great View Buildcon Private Limited

Annexure – A to the Independent Auditors' Report for the year ended March 31, 2025

[Referred to in paragraph 9 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date]

- (i) In respect of property, plant and equipment (PPE) and intangible assets:
 - (a) The Company does not own any property, plant and equipment or intangible assets. Therefore, clauses (i)(a), (i)(b), (i)(c), (i)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) In our opinion and as per the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any Benami Property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and Rules made thereunder. Therefore, paragraph 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) In respect of inventory:
 - (a) The Company does not hold any inventory as at the balance sheet date. Therefore, clause (ii)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions at any point of time during the year on the basis of security of current assets. Therefore, clause (ii)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) During the year, the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loan or advances in nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, and granted unsecured loans to other parties. Therefore, clause (iii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) During the year the provisions of section 185 and section 186 of the Act did not apply as the Company has not granted loans or made investments or provided guarantees or security. Therefore, clause (iv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits. Therefore, question of reporting compliance with the directive issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and rules framed thereunder does not arise. We are informed that no order relating to the Company has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act for the activities carried out by the Company. Therefore, clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) In respect of statutory dues, according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, we report that -

N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP
Chartered Accountants

- (a) in respect of the amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including income-tax and any other applicable statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the said statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

As explained to us, the Company did not have any dues on account of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax and cess.

- (b) there are no undisputed goods and services tax, service tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax and cess as on March 31, 2025, which have not been deposited.
- (viii) Based on the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no transactions that were not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the income tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under Clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) In respect of loans obtained, according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company/ audit procedures performed, we report that –
- (a) the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans, other borrowings and interest, to any lenders during the year. Further, borrowings classified as repayable on demand, amounting to Rs. 149.55 lakhs as at March 31, 2025, have not been called for repayment by the lenders and thus the question of default in repayment thereof does not arise.
- (b) the Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any other lender.
- (c) the Company has not availed any term loans during the year. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under Clause (ix)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (d) the Company has not raised funds on short-term basis. Therefore, clause (d)(ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) the Company does not have any subsidiaries or joint ventures or associates. Therefore, clauses (ix)(e) and (ix)(f) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Therefore, clause (x)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Therefore, clause (x)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books of account and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanation given to us, no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company, has been noticed or reported during the year. Therefore, clause (xi)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (b) In view of our comments in clause (a) above, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act was required to be filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, no whistle blower complaints were received during the year. Therefore, clause (xi)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standard. The provisions of section 177 of the Act with respect to audit committee are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) Provisions of section 138 of the Act with regard to formal internal audit system are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, clauses (xiv)(a) and (xiv)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them and accordingly reporting under clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Order, with respect to compliance of provisions of section 192 of the Act, is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, clauses (xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanation given to us, within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) there is no Core Investment Company and accordingly reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs 23.62 lakhs during the financial year covered by our audit and Rs 5.70 lakhs in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) During the year, there was a resignation of the statutory auditors. The outgoing audit firm and the incoming audit firm are part of the same network, duly registered with the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). We have reviewed the communication with the outgoing auditors and confirm that no issues, objections, or concerns were raised by them in connection with their resignation. Accordingly, we have taken the same into consideration while accepting and conducting the audit engagement.

N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP
Chartered Accountants

- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We however, state that this is not an assurance as to future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts upto the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) Provisions of section 135 of the Act with regard to corporate social responsibility are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, clauses (xx)(a) and clause (xx)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 116560W/W100149

Dhaval Bhamar
Selwadia

Digitally signed by
Dhaval Bhamar Selwadia
Date: 2025.05.26
18:11:47 +05'30'

Partner
Name: Dhaval B. Selwadia
Membership No. 100023
UDIN: 25100023BMIDIF9934

Place: Mumbai
Date : May 26, 2025

Great View Buildcon Private Limited

Annexure – B to the Independent Auditors' Report for the year ended March 31, 2025

[Referred to in paragraph 10(f) under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Great View Buildcon Private Limited** ("the Company"), as of March 31, 2025, in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note"), issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI').

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and board of directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statement. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures

selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 116560W/W100149

Dhaval
Bhamar
Selwadia

Digitally signed by
Dhaval Bhamar
Selwadia
Date: 2025.05.26
18:12:11 +05'30'

Dhaval B. Selwadia

Partner

Membership No. 100023

UDIN: 25100023BMIDIF9934

Place: Mumbai

Date : May 26, 2025

Great View Buildcon Private Limited
CIN: U70109MH2019PTC330828
Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025
All amounts are in INR (lakhs) otherwise stated

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
I. ASSETS			
1 Non Current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Other financial assets	3	100.00	100.00
		100.00	100.00
2 Current assets			
(a) Inventories	4	-	17.55
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	5	1.58	1.62
(ii) Other financial assets	6	1.31	1.31
(c) Other current assets	7	3.15	8.95
		6.04	29.43
Total assets		106.04	129.43
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	8	1.00	1.00
(b) Other equity	9	(49.06)	(25.44)
		(48.06)	(24.44)
2 Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	10	149.55	149.52
(ii) Trade payables	11	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		4.55	4.35
		154.10	153.87
Total equity and liabilities		106.04	129.43
Company background	1		
Material accounting policies, accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions	2		
Refer accompanying notes. These notes are an integral part of the financial statements	1 - 21		

As per our report of even date attached

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W/W100149

Dhaval
Bhamar
Selwadia

Digitally signed by
Dhaval Bhamar
Selwadia
Date: 2025.05.26
18:35:46 +05'30'

Dhaval B. Selwadia
Partner
Membership No.100023

Place: Mumbai
Date: 26-05-2025

For and on Behalf of Board

HIFZURREHM
AN ABDULLAH
KADIWAL

Digitally signed by
HIFZURREHM
AN ABDULLAH
KADIWAL
Date: 2025.05.26
18:27:17 +05'30'

JESSIE
KURUVIL
LA

Digitally signed by
JESSIE
KURUVIL
LA
Date: 2025.05.26
17:41:46 +05'30'

Hifzurrehman Abdullah
Director
DIN: 02254751

Jessie Kuruvilla
Director
DIN: 02290242

Place : Mumbai
Date: 26-05-2025

Great View Buildcon Private Limited
CIN: U70109MH2019PTC330828
Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2025
All amounts are in INR (lakhs) otherwise stated

Particulars		Note no.	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
I	Revenue from operations		-	-
II	Other income		-	-
III	Total income (I)+(II)		-	-
IV	Expenses			
	Project related expenses	12	-	4.95
	Changes in inventories of project work-in-progress	13	17.55	(4.95)
	Other expenses	14	6.07	5.70
	Total expenses (IV)		23.62	5.70
V	(Loss) before tax (III) - (IV)		(23.62)	(5.70)
VI	Tax expense			
	Current tax		-	-
	Deferred tax		-	-
VII	(Loss) for the year (V)-(VI)		(23.62)	(5.70)
VIII	Other comprehensive income			
	A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
			-	-
IX	Total comprehensive income for the year (VII)+(VIII)		(23.62)	(5.70)
X	Earnings per equity share - Basic and diluted (Rs.)	16	(236.20)	(57.00)
Company background		1		
Material accounting policies, accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions		2		
Refer accompanying notes. These notes are an integral part of the financial statements		1 - 21		

As per our report of even date attached

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W/W100149

Dhaval Bhamar Selwadia
Digitally signed by
Dhaval Bhamar Selwadia
Date: 2025.05.26 18:36:13
+05'30'

Dhaval B. Selwadia
Partner
Membership No.100023

Place: Mumbai
Date: 26-05-2025

For and on Behalf of Board

HIFZURREHMA
N ABDULLAH
KADIWAL
Digitally signed by
HIFZURREHMAN
ABDULLAH KADIWAL
Date: 2025.05.26
18:28:12 +05'30'

Hifzurrehman Abdullah
Director
DIN: 02254751

Place : Mumbai
Date: 26-05-2025

JESSIE
KURUVILLA
Digitally signed by
JESSIE KURUVILLA
Date: 2025.05.26
17:42:08 +05'30'

Jessie Kuruvilla
Director
DIN: 02290242

Great View Buildcon Private Limited

CIN: U70109MH2019PTC330828

Statement of cash flow for the year ended March 31, 2025

All amounts are in INR (lakhs) otherwise stated

Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
(A)	Cash flow from operating activities		
	(Loss) as per statement of profit and loss	(23.62)	(5.70)
	Non-cash adjustment to loss		
	Inventories written off	17.55	-
	Sundry balances written off	5.80	-
		(0.27)	(5.70)
	Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
	(Increase) / decrease in inventories	-	(4.94)
	(Increase) / decrease in other financial liabilities	-	(0.25)
	(Increase) in other current assets	(0.00)	(1.75)
	Increase /(decrease) in trade payables	0.20	3.46
	Cash used in operations	(0.07)	(9.18)
(B)	Net cash generated/(used) from investing activities	-	-
(C)	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Borrowings obtained	0.03	10.28
	Net cash generated from financing activities	0.03	10.28
	Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(0.04)	1.10
	Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	1.62	0.52
	Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year	1.58	1.62
(D)	Cash and cash equivalents includes		
	Balance with scheduled bank	1.44	1.46
	Cash in hand	0.14	0.16
		1.58	1.62

Notes :

- (a) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect method' as set out in the Ind AS 7, "Statement of Cash Flows" as notified under Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015.
- (b) Refer note no. 19 for reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities.

The above cash flow should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date attached**For N. A. Shah Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 116560W/W100149

Dhaval
Bhamar
Selwadia

Digitally signed by
Dhaval Bhamar Selwadia
Date: 2025.05.26 18:36:36
+05'30'

Dhaval B. Selwadia

Partner

Membership No.100023

Place: Mumbai
Date: 26-05-2025

For and on Behalf of Board

HIFZURREHMA
N ABDULLAH
KADIWAL

Digitally signed by
HIFZURREHMAN
ABDULLAH KADIWAL
Date: 2025.05.26
18:28:43 +05'30'

Hifzurrehman Abdullah

Director

DIN: 02254751

Place: Mumbai
Date: 26-05-2025

JESSIE
KURUVILLA

Digitally signed by
JESSIE KURUVILLA
Date: 2025.05.26
17:42:35 +05'30'

Jessie Kuruvilla

Director

DIN: 02290242

A. Equity share capital

Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting year	Changes in equity share capital during the year / (buy-back of shares)	Balance at the end of the reporting year
Year ended March 31, 2025	1.00	-	1.00	-	1.00
Year ended March 31, 2024	1.00	-	1.00	-	1.00

B. Other equity

Particulars	Reserves and surplus
	Retained earnings
Balance as at April 1, 2023	(19.74)
(Loss) for the year	(5.70)
Add: Changes in accounting policy or prior period error	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	(25.44)
(Loss) for the year	(23.62)
Add: Changes in accounting policy or prior period error	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	(49.06)

Note : There is no element of other comprehensive income.

As per our report of even date attached

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W/W100149

Dhaval Bhamar Selwadia
Digitally signed by
Dhaval Bhamar Selwadia
Date: 2025.05.26 18:36:59
+05'30'

Dhaval B. Selwadia
Partner
Membership No.100023

Place: Mumbai
Date: 26-05-2025

For and on Behalf of Board

HIFZURREHMAN ABDULLAH KADIWAL
Digitally signed by
HIFZURREHMAN ABDULLAH KADIWAL
Date: 2025.05.26 18:29:12 +05'30'

Hifzurrehman Abdullah
Director
DIN: 02254751

Place: Mumbai
Date: 26-05-2025

JESSIE KURUVILLA A
Digitally signed by
JESSIE KURUVILLA
Date: 2025.05.26 17:43:02 +05'30'

Jessie Kuruvilla
Director
DIN: 02290242

1 Company background

- 1.01** Great View Buildcon Private Limited (the "Company") is incorporated and domiciled in India and is engaged in the business of real estate development.
- 1.02** The Company is a subsidiary of Valor Estate Limited (Formerly known as DB Realty Limited), which is listed with National Stock Exchange and Bombay Stock Exchange. The Company has its Registered Office at 7th Floor, Resham Bhavan, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai-400020.
- 1.03** The Company's financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on May 26, 2025 in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and are subject to the approval of the shareholders at the annual general meeting.

2 Statement of compliance, basis of preparation, Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions and material accounting policies followed in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements

2.01 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (herein referred to as the "Ind AS") as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 herein referred to as the "the Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.

2.02 Basis of preparation & presentation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of certain assets and liabilities that are required to be carried at fair value by Ind AS.

The financial statements are in accordance with Division II of Schedule III to the Act, as applicable to the Company.

Transactions and balances with values below the rounding off norms adopted by the Company have been reflected as "0.00" in the relevant notes in these financial statements.

2.03 Current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities and operating cycle

All assets and liabilities are presented in the balance sheet based on current and non-current classification as per Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Act.

In the absence of a clearly identifiable or active real estate project as at the reporting date, the Company has considered a period of 12 months as its operating cycle for the purpose of classification of assets and liabilities into current and non-current, in accordance with the requirements of Schedule III to the Act. Once a specific project is conceptualized and development is commenced, the operating cycle will be reassessed to reflect the project-specific lifecycle.

2.04 Functional and presentation currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupee (INR) and all the values are rounded to nearest INR lakhs, except when otherwise indicated. INR is also the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

2.05 Material accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made judgement of assessing the recoverability of various financial assets, which has the most significant effects on the financial statements.

- (a) Assessment of the recoverability of the financial assets
- (b) Obtaining of the development rights of the land (refer note no. 3.1)
- (c) Write down of the inventory (refer note no. 3.1)

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company has based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

(a) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about the risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs for impairment calculation. Based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(b) Fair value measurements

When the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on the quoted market prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation technique. The inputs to these models are taken from the observable market wherever possible, but where this is not feasible, a review of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Any changes in assumptions could affect the fair value relating to financial instruments.

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS which requires the management to make judgements for estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the reporting date and the amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known/materialize.

There are no estimates and assumptions that involve a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying values of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

2.06 Measurement of fair values

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in accordance with Ind AS (refer accounting policy no. 2.08 regarding financial instruments)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Fair values are determined using market-based assumptions, considering the principal or most advantageous market accessible to the Company.

Fair value measurements are classified into the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques using observable market inputs.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using unobservable inputs.

The material accounting policies are set out below:

2.07 Inventories

Project work-in-progress is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value.

2.08 Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. They are initially measured at fair value, and in the case of financial instruments not at fair value through profit or loss, inclusive of transaction costs.

Classification and subsequent measurement:

Financial assets are classified and measured based on the Company's business model for managing the asset and its contractual cash flow characteristics, as follows:

- Measured at amortised cost
- Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities are generally measured at amortised cost, except for those designated at FVTPL.

Derecognition:

A financial asset is derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset expire or are transferred. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled, or expired.

Financial assets

- **Cash and cash equivalents:**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

- **Earnest money deposit:**

The deposit is carried at amortised cost, which approximates its fair value, and no adjustment is considered necessary.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company applies the expected credit loss (ECL) model for recognising impairment on financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECL is based on historical loss experience and forward-looking information.

Financial liabilities

- **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

- **Financial liabilities**

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant.

Interest-free loans received from the holding company are repayable on demand are classified as current financial liabilities. Such loans are recorded at the transaction value, as the fair value is considered to be equivalent to the amount received, given the demand feature. No interest expense is recognised on these loans.

Effective interest rate method

The effective interest rate (EIR) method is used to calculate the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and to allocate the interest income or expense over the relevant period. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows to the initial carrying amount of the financial instrument.

2.09 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation arising from a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle it, and a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required.

Reimbursements expected from third parties are recognised as a separate asset only when recovery is virtually certain.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when the obligation is possible or the amount cannot be reliably estimated. Contingent assets are disclosed only when the inflow of economic benefits is probable; they are not recognised in the financial statements.

2.10 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for events including a bonus issue, bonus element in right issue to existing shareholders, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares).

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term highly liquid investments which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.12 Statement of cash flows

Cash Flow Statement is prepared under the Indirect Method as prescribed under the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 - Statement of Cash Flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

2.13 Commitments

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure. The commitments are classified and disclosed as follows:

- (a) The estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital accounts and not provided for; and
- (b) Other non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant in the opinion of the management.

2.14 Recent pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 117 – Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 – Leases (relating to sale and leaseback), effective from April 1, 2024. Based on the Company's review, these changes do not have any impact on the financial statements.

3 Non current financial assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(Unsecured considered good)		
Earnest money deposit (refer note no. 3.1)	100.00	100.00
Total	100.00	100.00

- 3.1 The Company had entered into a development agreement with a Co-operative Housing Society and paid Rs. 100.00 lakhs as earnest money, with Rs. 900.00 lakhs payable on registration. Due to internal disputes among Society members, legal proceedings are ongoing, and the Society has issued a termination letter, which the Company has not accepted. As the matter is sub judice, the deposit is considered fully recoverable/adjustable. However on a conservative basis, the Company has written off the the amount allocated to project work-in-progress.

4 Inventories

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value)		
Project work-in-progress (refer note no. 3.1)	-	17.55
Total	-	17.55

5 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balances with a bank in current account	1.44	1.46
Cash on hand	0.14	0.16
Total	1.58	1.62

6 Current financial assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(Unsecured considered good)		
Other receivables	1.31	1.31
Total	1.31	1.31

7 Other current assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balances with government authorities	3.15	3.15
Other advances	-	5.80
Total	3.15	8.95

8 Equity share capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Authorized		
10,000 (Previous year 10,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each	1.00	1.00
	1.00	1.00
Issued		
10,000 (Previous year 10,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each	1.00	1.00
	1.00	1.00
Subscribed and paid up		
10,000 (Previous year 10,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	1.00	1.00
	1.00	1.00

8.1 Reconciliation of number of equity shares

Particulars	Opening balance	Fresh issue	Closing balance
Equity shares			
Year ended March 31, 2025			
- Number of equity shares	10,000	-	10,000
- Amount	1.00	-	1.00
Year ended March 31, 2024			
- Number of equity shares	10,000	-	10,000
- Amount	1.00	-	1.00

8.2 Rights, preferences and restriction attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity share having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled for one vote per share. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regards to dividends and share in the Company's residual assets. The equity share-holders are entitled to receive dividend as and when declared.

On winding up of the Company, the holder's of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

8.3 Details of shares held by the holding company

Name of shareholder	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding
Equity shares				
Valor Estate Limited and its Nominees	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%
	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%

8.4 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate equity shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding
Equity shares				
Valor Estate Limited and its Nominees	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%
Total	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%

8.5 Details of shareholding of promoters in the Company

Promoter name	Opening no. of shares held	Closing no. of shares held	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each				
As at March 31, 2025				
Valor Estate Limited	10,000	10,000	100.00%	-
As at March 31, 2024				
Valor Estate Limited	10,000	10,000	100.00%	-

9 Other equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Reserves and surplus		
Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(25.44)	(19.74)
Add: (loss) for the year	(23.62)	(5.70)
Balance at the end of the year	(49.06)	(25.44)
Total	(49.06)	(25.44)

10 Current financial liabilities - borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Unsecured		
Loan from holding company (refer note no 10.1 and 15)	149.55	149.52
Total	149.55	149.52

10.1 Interest free and repayable on demand

11 Current financial liabilities - Trade payables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note no. 11.3)	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	4.55	4.35
Total	4.55	4.35

11.1 Trade payables ageing as of March 31, 2025

Particulars	Unbilled	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
		< 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	>3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	0.70	-	3.37	-	0.47	4.54
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

11.2 Trade payables ageing as of March 31, 2024

Particulars	Unbilled	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
		< 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	>3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	0.50	3.38	-	0.47	-	4.35
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

CIN: U70109MH2019PTC330828

Notes forming part of the financial statements

All amounts are in INR (lakhs) otherwise stated

11.3 Details of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Principal amount outstanding to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act (not due)	-	-
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during financial year;	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments.	-	-
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises, for the disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
Total	-	-

Disclosures relating to amounts payable as at the year end together with interest paid / payable to Micro and Small Enterprises have been made in the accounts, as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 to the extent of information available with the Company determined on the basis of intimation received from suppliers regarding their status. The same has been relied upon by the auditors.

12 Project related expenses

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Legal & professional charges	-	4.60
Other project expenses	-	0.35
Total	-	4.95

13 Changes in Inventories of project work-in-progress

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Balance as of commencement of the year - Project work in progress	17.55	12.60
Less: Balance as of end of the year - Project work in progress (refer note no. 3.1)	-	17.55
Total	17.55	(4.95)

14 Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Legal and professional fees (refer note no. 14.1)	0.20	5.20
Sundry balances written off	5.80	-
Establishment and administrative expenses	0.07	0.50
Total	6.07	5.70

14.1 Auditor's remuneration

Particular	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Payment to the auditors - Audit fees	0.20	0.10
Total	0.20	0.10

15 Related party disclosures as per Indian Accounting Standard - 24

As per Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) 'Related Party Disclosures', the disclosures of related parties and transactions with them is given below:

15.1 List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships

Name of related party	Relationship
Valor Estate Limited	Holding company

Notes:

The aforesaid related parties are as identified by the Company and relied upon by the statutory auditors.

15.2 Details of transactions with related parties and outstanding balances as of year end

Nature of transaction	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Loan taken		
Valor Estate Limited	-	9.65
Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company		
Valor Estate Limited	0.03	0.63

Amount due to / from related parties

Nature of transaction	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Payables		
Valor Estate Limited	149.55	149.52

16 Earnings per share

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(Loss) for the year as per statement of profit & loss (amount in lakhs)	(23.62)	(5.70)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year (number)	10,000	10,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share (amount in Rs.)	(236.20)	(57.00)
Face value per equity share (amount in Rs.)	10	10

17 Operating segments

The Company is in the business of real estate development which is the only reportable operating segment. Hence, separate disclosure requirements of Ind AS-108 Operating Segments are not applicable.

CIN: U70109MH2019PTC330828

Notes forming part of the financial statements

All amounts are in INR (lakhs) otherwise stated

18 Financial instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria of recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset and financial liability are disclosed in note no. 2.08 of the Ind AS financial statements.

18.1 Financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2025 are as follows:

Particulars	Note no.	Amortised cost	Carrying amount as at March 31, 2025
Financial assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	1.58	1.58
Other financial assets	3 & 6	101.31	101.31
Financial liabilities:			
Borrowings	10	149.55	149.55
Trade payables	11	4.55	4.55

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2024 are as follows:

Particulars	Note no.	Amortised cost	Carrying amount as at March 31, 2024
Financial assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	1.62	1.62
Other financial assets	3 & 6	101.31	101.31
Financial liabilities:			
Borrowings	10	149.52	149.52
Trade payables	11	4.35	4.35

18.2 Financial risk management

At present, the company's financial obligation is met by the holding company by providing interest free loans. Therefore, the risk management policy as adopted by the holding company is adhered to by the Company.

18.2.1 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Amount payable during below period				
	As at March 31, 2025	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Liabilities					
Trade payables	4.55	4.55	-	-	-

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Amount payable during below period				
	As at March 31, 2024	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Liabilities					
Trade payables	4.35	4.35	-	-	-

In above tables, the Company's borrowings from holding Company are not considered as a financial obligation, being the source, of funding.

18.3 Capital management

D B Realty, the holding company holds 100% of the equity share capital of the Company and accordingly, the management of its capital structure is controlled by the said holding company.

19 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	Opening balance	Cash movement	Fair value changes	Others	Total
March 31, 2025					

CIN: U70109MH2019PTC330828
Notes forming part of the financial statements
All amounts are in INR (lakhs) otherwise stated

Borrowings	149.52	0.03	-	-	149.54
<u>March 31,2024</u>					
Borrowings	139.24	10.28	-	-	149.52

20 Disclosure of ratios

Sr. no.	Particulars	Formula's used	Ratios		Variance	Reason for variance
			As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024		
1	Current ratio	Current assets	0.04	0.19	-79.51%	Refer note below
2	Debt equity ratio	Current liabilities	(3.11)	(6.12)	49.14%	Refer note below
		Total debt				
3	Debts services coverage ratio	Shareholders' Equity	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Earning available for debt services				
4	Return on equity	Debt services	0.65	0.26	146.80%	Refer note below
		Net profit after taxes - Preference dividend				
5	Inventory turnover ratio	Average shareholders' equity	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Cost of goods sold or Sales				
6	Trade receivable turnover ratio	Average inventory	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Net credit sales				
7	Trade payable turnover ratio	Average accounts receivables	1.36	0.07	1750.35%	Refer note below
		Net credit purchase + other expenses				
8	Net capital turnover ratio	Average trade payables	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Net sales				
9	Net profit ratio	Working capital	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Net profit (after tax)				
10	Return on capital employed	Net sales	(0.23)	(0.05)	-410.70%	Refer note below
		Earning before interest and taxes				
11	Return on investment	Capital employed	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Income from invested funds including fair valuation				
		Average invested funds				

Note: Pending commencement of operations, the analyses of variances in ratios is not relevant.

20 Following additional regulatory information in terms of clause L of note 6 and clause (n) of note 7 of Division II to Schedule III of the Act is disclosed.

20.01 Wilful defaulter

As on March 31, 2025 the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank/financial institution or other lender.

20.02 Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company is not engaged in the business of trading or investing in crypto currency or virtual currency and hence no disclosure is required.

20.03 Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with the ROC beyond the statutory period as at March 31, 2025.

20.04 Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

20.05 Utilisation of funds

The Company has not advanced any funds or loaned or invested by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding that the intermediary shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner by or on behalf of the Company (ultimate beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries.

The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entities including foreign entities ("funding parties") with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or provide guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

20.06 Borrowings secured against current assets

The Company does not have borrowings secured against current assets and hence no disclosure is required.

20.07 Income surrendered or disclosed under Income Tax Act, 1961

The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year as well as previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

20.08 Benami property

No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company as on March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

20.09 Relationship with struck off companies

The Company does not have any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the companies Act, 1956 and hence no disclosure is required.

20.10 Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangements in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

20.11 Commitments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
i) Contingent liabilities	Nil	Nil
ii) Commitments	Nil	Nil

21 Figures of the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the presentation of the current year.

As per our report of even date attached

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 116560W/W100149

Dhaval Bhamar
Selwadia

Digitally signed by
Dhaval Bhamar
Selwadia
Date: 2025.05.26 18:37:40 +05'30'

Dhaval B. Selwadia

Partner

Membership No.100023

Place: Mumbai

Date: 26-05-2025

For and on Behalf of Board

HIFZURREHMA
N ABDULLAH
KADIWAL

Digitally signed by
HIFZURREHMAN
ABDULLAH KADIWAL
Date: 2025.05.26
18:29:47 +05'30'

Hifzurrehman Abdullah

Director

DIN: 02254751

Place : Mumbai

Date: 26-05-2025

JESSIE
KURUVILLA

Digitally signed by
JESSIE KURUVILLA
Date: 2025.05.26
17:43:49 +05'30'

Jessie Kuruvilla

Director

DIN: 02290242